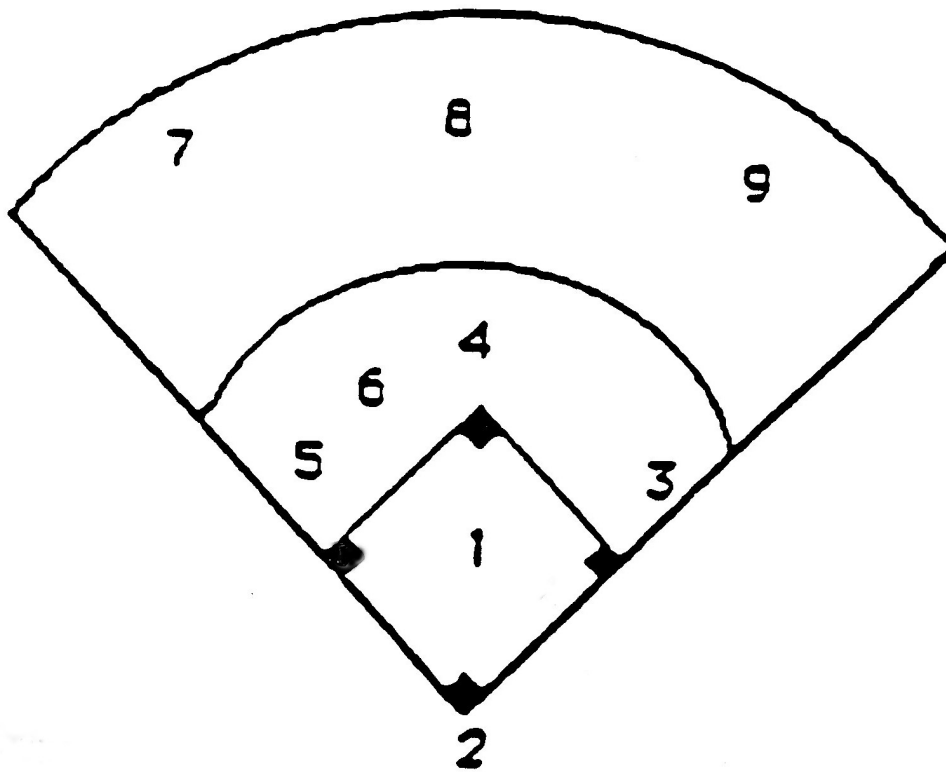


# Scorekeeping Tip Sheet

## Defensive & Other Scoring Positions

Fielding position have assigned number as seen below:



## Defensive Positions

- 1 – Pitcher
- 2 – Catcher
- 3 – 1<sup>st</sup> Baseman
- 4 – 2<sup>nd</sup> Baseman
- 5 – 3<sup>rd</sup> Baseman
- 6 – Shortstop
- 7 – Left Fielder
- 8 – Centre Fielder
- 9 – Right Fielder

# Score Keeping Tip Sheet

## Purpose of Scorekeeping

1. Keep accurate score of the game
2. Accumulate information used to calculate statistics for:
  - Hitters - Batting Average, Slugging Percentage, etc.
  - Pitchers - Earned Run Average, Strike-Outs, etc.
  - Fielders - Fielding Percentage

## Offensive Scoring Symbols

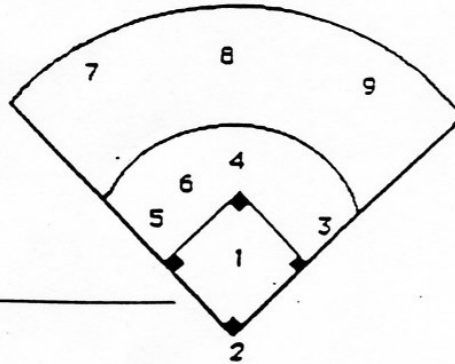
<u>Signification</u>	<u>Abbr.</u>	<u>Symbol</u>	<u>Signification</u>	<u>Abbr.</u>	<u>Symbol</u>
<p><b><u>Base Hit</u></b> After hitting the ball, reaching 1<sup>st</sup> base safely, with <u>no errors made by the fielders</u></p>	1B		<p><b><u>Base on Balls</u></b> Being awarded 1<sup>st</sup> base by the umpire after receiving a walk or base on balls</p>	BB or W	
<p><b><u>Two Base Hit</u></b> After hitting the ball, reaching 2<sup>nd</sup> base safely, with <u>no errors made by the fielders</u></p>	2B		<p><b><u>Hit By Pitch</u></b> Being awarded 1<sup>st</sup> base after being hit by a pitched ball while acting as a batter</p>	HBP	
<p><b><u>Three Base Hit</u></b> After hitting the ball, reaching 3<sup>rd</sup> base safely, with <u>no errors made by the fielders</u></p>	3B		<p><b><u>Sacrifice</u></b> Bunting with "the purpose" of moving a runner over at least one base, not getting a hit). However, a hit may result.</p>	SAC	
<p><b><u>Home Run</u></b> After hitting the ball, reaching Home base safely, with <u>no errors made by the fielders</u></p>	HR		<p><b><u>Sacrifice Fly</u></b> Hitting a ball in the air which is caught for an out but, which results in a run being scored</p>	SAC F-Pos.	
<p><b><u>Fielders Choice</u></b> Reaching a base safely when an out has occurred at another base</p>	FC		<p><b><u>Interference</u></b> Being awarded a base because of being obstructed, in any way, by a fielder (Note: the fielder is charger with an error)</p>	INT E-Pos.	
<p><b><u>Run Batted In</u></b> When a batters actions, being awarded a base because of a Hit, BB, HBP, INT, or an Error or is Put-Out by a fielder, result in a run or runs being scored, the batter is awarded an RBI for each run. <u>Except when</u>, the batter hits a ball that results in a double play or when two are out, and the batter reaches a base on a defensive error</p>	RBI		<p><b><u>Stolen Base</u></b> When a Base Runner moves over one base on his own effort (ie. without a ball being hit or any other way of being awarded a base). Note: If the defensive team does not attempt to get the runner out, <u>the runner is not awarded a Stolen Base, it's scored as an advancement because of a Fielders Choice - FC.</u></p>	SB	

## Defensive & Other Scoring Symbols

Fielding Positions (Pos.) have assigned numbers, as seen below:









Defensive position

1. Pitcher
2. Catcher
3. First base
4. Second base
5. Third base
6. Shortstop
7. Left fielder
8. Center fielder
9. Right fielder



SYMBOL	ABBREVIATION	SIGNIFICATION	SYMBOL	ABBREVIATION	SIGNIFICATION
		Corner of square = end of inning		E + pos	Error second baseman
		horizontal line = change of pitcher		CS	caught stealing
		vertical line = change of hitter		KS	Strike out swing - Second c
	F+ pos	Fly ball - left field, 1st out		KC	Strike out called - First out
	L+ pos	Line out to 3rd base		K2-3	Strike out - catcher to first b
	Pos-Pos	Defensive relay short to first 1st out		KWP	Strike out - safe on wild pitch
	Pos-E-pos	Defensive play - short to first with error at first base		KPB	Strike out - safe on pass ball

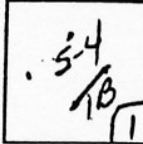
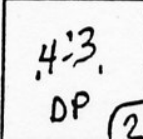
## Scoring Symbols Continued...

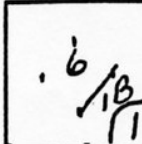
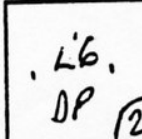
SYMBOL	ABBREVIATION	SIGNIFICATION	SYMBOL	ABBREVIATION	SIGNIFICATION
	BK	Balk		R	Run scored (RBI)
	WP	Wild pitch		R	Run scored (No RBI)
	PB	pass ball		TP	Triple play
	IF + Pos	Infield Fly (called)		DP + pos.pos	Double play in the batters square.

## Double & Triple Play Explained

A double play will occur on the same play when two players are called out. The most frequent one is: Runner on first and less than two outs. Batter hits the ball to the third baseman who relays to the second baseman for an out and the second baseman relays the ball to first to get the batter out. Another example, runner on second base and one out. The batter lines out to short stop who touches the runner to get him out.

We must use the symbol DP to the player responsible for the double-play, in these cases, the hitter. Here is how we will score these two examples;

The triple play is similar to the double play but they get three outs on the same play (it is rare, rare, rare)

## Other Scoring of Outs Explained

### OUT WITH OR WITHOUT RELAYS

It will be an out pos + pos (no of position to no of position) or simply pos. Example. A roller to second base who relays to first to get the batter out, we will score 4-3. Do not forget to show the number of outs in the inning (1,2 or 3) In the example, it is the first out:

4-3  
1

When a ball is hit to a player who retires the batter unassisted, we will write pos. Example: roller to first base who steps on the base, the out will be scored:

3  
2

It was the second out of the inning. In all cases where there is a relay, we will score pos + pos. Example, a relay from center fielder to second baseman for an out will be scored:

8-4  
10  
2

Note The position number of a player is his normal position. Even if the second baseman plays behind short stop, his position will remain no 4.

If a player hits irregularly, we will register the out to the catcher. Example, batter steps on the plate while hitting the ball.